



# **Foster Forge Farm School**

Albemarle County, VA

## **Turn Lanes Analysis and Study Report**

May 04, 2022

Revised May 10, 2022



## Trip Generation Report for Foster Forge Farm School

May-10-2022

### Assumptions:

- 70% of students are coming from the city (northbound in the AM), and 30% are coming from the county (southbound in the AM).

There is 30% of the students = 18 students southbound to the school using parents vehicles. (right turn)  
 There is 30% of the staff = 4 staff persons southbound to the school using vehicles. (right turn)  
 There is 35% of the students = 21 students northbound to the school using parents vehicles. (left turn)  
 There is 35% of the students = 21 students northbound to the school using School Bus. (left turn)  
 There is 70% of the staff = 10 staff persons northbound to the school using vehicles. (left turn)

	#Of Students
School Bus	21
Parents Vehicles	39



### Students by Parents Vehicles

Code	Land Use	#Students	ADT=2.13*#Students	AM Peak Hour =0.58*#Students			
522	Middle School/Junior High School	39	84	23			
				54% Entering	46% Exiting		
				12	11		
				Southbound (right turn)= 30%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 70%entering	72% exiting Southbound (right turn)	28% exiting Northbound (left turn)
				4	8	8	3
				PM Peak Hour =0.17*#Students			
				7			
				49% Entering	51% Exiting		
				3	4		
				Southbound (right turn)= 28%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 72%entering	70% exiting Southbound (right turn)	30% exiting northbound (left turn)
				1	2	3	1

Note: ITE Code 522 shows for vehicles only, it doesn't differentiate between bus and normal car. Therefore, we assume the bus has 4 trips during peak hours per day, 2 in the morning, and 2 in the evening.

### Students by Bus

Code	Land Use	#Students	ADT=2.13*#Students	AM Peak Hour =0.58*#Students			
522	Middle School/Junior High School	21	45	2			
				54% Entering		46% Exiting	
				1		1	
				Southbound (right turn)= 30%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 70%entering	72% exiting Southbound (right turn)	28% exiting Northbound (left turn)
				0	1	1	0
				PM Peak Hour =0.17*#Students			
				2			
				49% Entering		51% Exiting	
				1		1	
				Southbound (right turn)= 30%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 70%entering	30% exiting Southbound (right turn)	70% exiting northbound (left turn)
				0	1	1	0

FFF school is a private school without large building maintenance and food preparation that makes it unique facility with actual planned pattern of use as shown below.

### Staff Vehicles

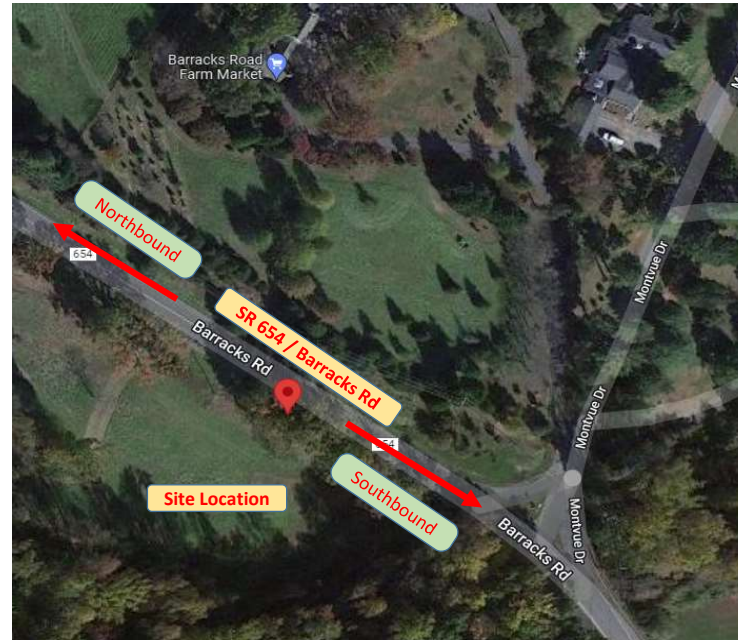
Code	Land Use	#Employee	ADT=4*#Employee	AM Peak Hour =1*#Employees			
522	Middle School/Junior High School	12	48	12			
				90% Entering		10% Exiting	
				11		1	
				Southbound (right turn)= 30%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 70%entering	72% exiting Southbound (right turn)	28% exiting Northbound (left turn)
				3	8	1	0
				PM Peak Hour =1*#Employees			
				12			
				10% Entering		90% Exiting	
				1		11	
				Southbound (right turn)= 28%entering	Northbound(left Turn)= 72%entering	30% exiting Southbound (right turn)	70% exiting northbound (left turn)
				0	1	3	8

### Existing Traffic Data

Growth factor = 0.8% per year, and AADT 2020= 6000 VPD  
Using this equation, the estimated AADT at 2025= 6244 VPD

$$CAGR = \left( \frac{V_{final}}{V_{begin}} \right)^{1/t} - 1$$

CAGR = compound annual growth rate  
V<sub>begin</sub> = beginning value  
V<sub>final</sub> = final value  
t = time in years



Virginia Department of Transportation Traffic Engineering Division 2020 Annual Average Daily Traffic Volume Estimates By Section of Route Albemarle Maintenance Area																	
Route	Length	AADT	QA	4Tire	Bus	-----Truck-----				QC	K	QK	Dir	AAWDT	QW	Year	
						2Axle	3+Axle	1Trail	2Trail		Factor		Factor				
Albemarle County																	
654	Garth Barracks Rd	1.60	6000	G	97%	0%	From 02-601 Old Garth Rd				C	0.102	F	0.715	6400	G	2020
							1%	1%	0%	0%							
				To 02-656 Georgetown Rd													

AADT for SR 654 BarracksRd in 2025=	6244	VPD	<b>AM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic</b>	
Peak Hour ADT=0.102*AADT	637	VPH	Southbound=0.715*Peak Hour ADT	Northbound=0.285*Peak Hour ADT
Directional Factor	71.5%		<b>456</b>	<b>182</b>
<b>PM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic</b>				
			Southbound=0.285*Peak Hour ADT	Northbound=0.715*Peak Hour ADT
			<b>182</b>	<b>456</b>

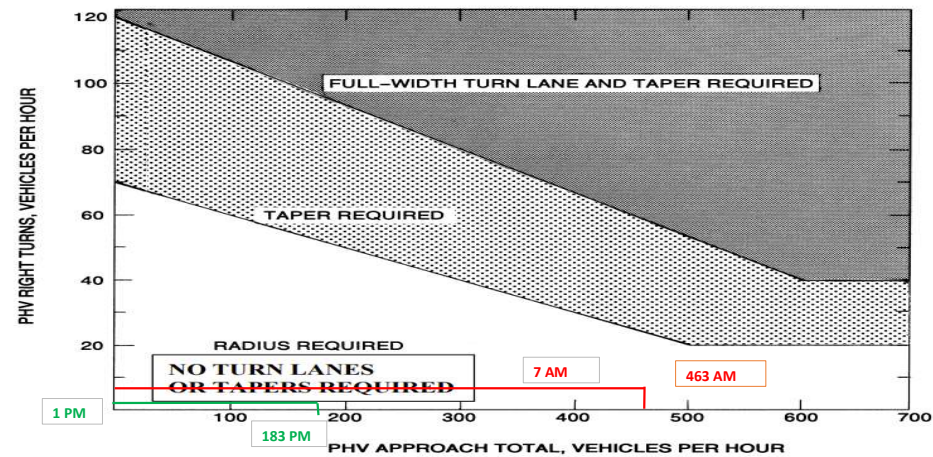
### Site Traffic Generation Data

<b>AM Peak Hour Site Traffic</b>			
Southbound (right turn) entering	Northbound(left Turn) entering	exiting Southbound (right turn)	exiting Northbound (left turn)
<b>7</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>PM Peak Hour Site Traffic</b>			
Southbound (right turn) entering	Northbound(left Turn) entering	exiting Southbound (right turn)	exiting northbound (left turn)
<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9</b>

### Right Turn Lane Assessment

RTL Guidelines for 2-Lane Highway

<b>AM</b>	PHV Approach Total	<b>463</b>	vph	= AM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Southbound + AM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)
	PHV Right Turns	<b>7</b>	vph	= AM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)
<b>PM</b>	PHV Approach Total	<b>183</b>	vph	= PM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Southbound + PM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)
	PHV Right Turns	<b>1</b>	vph	= PM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)



**FIGURE 3-26 WARRANTS FOR RIGHT TURN TREATMENT (2-LANE HIGHWAY)**

Appropriate Radius required at all Intersections and Entrances (Commercial or Private).



### Left Turn Lane Assessment

AM	Opposing Volume	463	vph	= AM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Southbound + AM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)
	Left Turn Volume	17	vph	= AM Peak Hour Site Traffic Northbound (entering)
	Advancing Volume	199	vph	= AM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Northbound + AM Peak Hour Site Traffic Northbound (entering)
	% L	9%	%	= Left Turn Volume/ Advancing Volume
PM	Opposing Volume	183	vph	= PM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Southbound + PM Peak Hour Site Traffic Southbound (entering)
	Left Turn Volume	4	vph	= PM Peak Hour Site Traffic Northbound (entering)
	Advancing Volume	460	vph	= PM Peak Hour SR 654 Traffic Northbound + PM Peak Hour Site Traffic Northbound (entering)
	% L	1%	%	= Left Turn Volume/ Advancing Volume

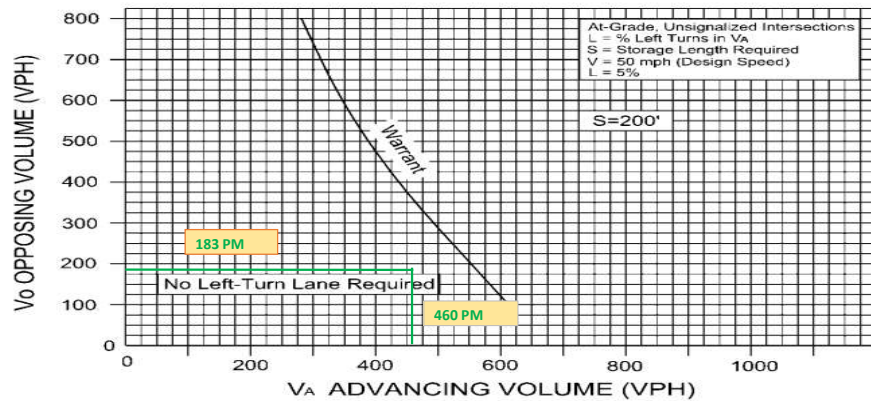


FIGURE 3-10 WARRANT FOR LEFT TURN STORAGE LANES ON TWO LANE HIGHWAY

Nothing required.

### WARRANT FOR LEFT-TURN STORAGE LANES ON TWO-LANE HIGHWAY

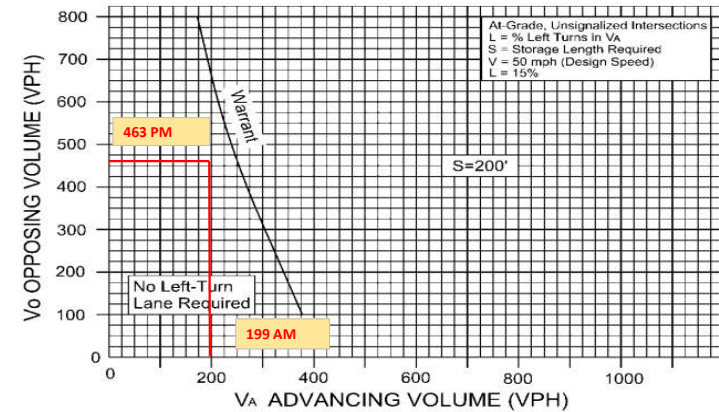


FIGURE 3-12 WARRANT FOR LEFT TURN STORAGE LANES ON TWO LANE HIGHWAY

# Appendix A

# **Land Use 522**

## **Middle School/Junior High School**

### **Description**

A middle or junior high school serves students who have completed elementary school and have not yet entered high school. Both public and private middle schools/junior high schools are included in this land use. Elementary school (Land Use 520), high school (Land Use 530), private school (K-8) (Land Use 534), private school (K-12) (Land Use 536), and charter elementary school (Land Use 537) are related uses.

### **Additional Data**

The percentage of students at the sites who were transported to school via bus varied considerably. Due to the varied transit and school bus usage at these sites, it is desirable that future studies include additional detail on the percentage of students who were bused to school and the percentage that were dropped off and picked up.

Because the ratio of floor space to student population varies widely among the schools surveyed, the number of students may be a more reliable independent variable on which to establish trip generation rates.

Time-of-day distribution data for this land use are presented in Appendix A. For the two general urban/suburban sites with data, the overall highest vehicle volumes during the AM and PM on a weekday were counted between 7:00 and 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 and 6:00 p.m., respectively.

The sites were surveyed in the 1990s, the 2000s, and the 2010s in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, Pennsylvania, and Tennessee.

### **Source Numbers**

431, 444, 534, 536, 564, 579, 592, 611, 719, 867, 936, 940



## Middle School/Junior High School (522)

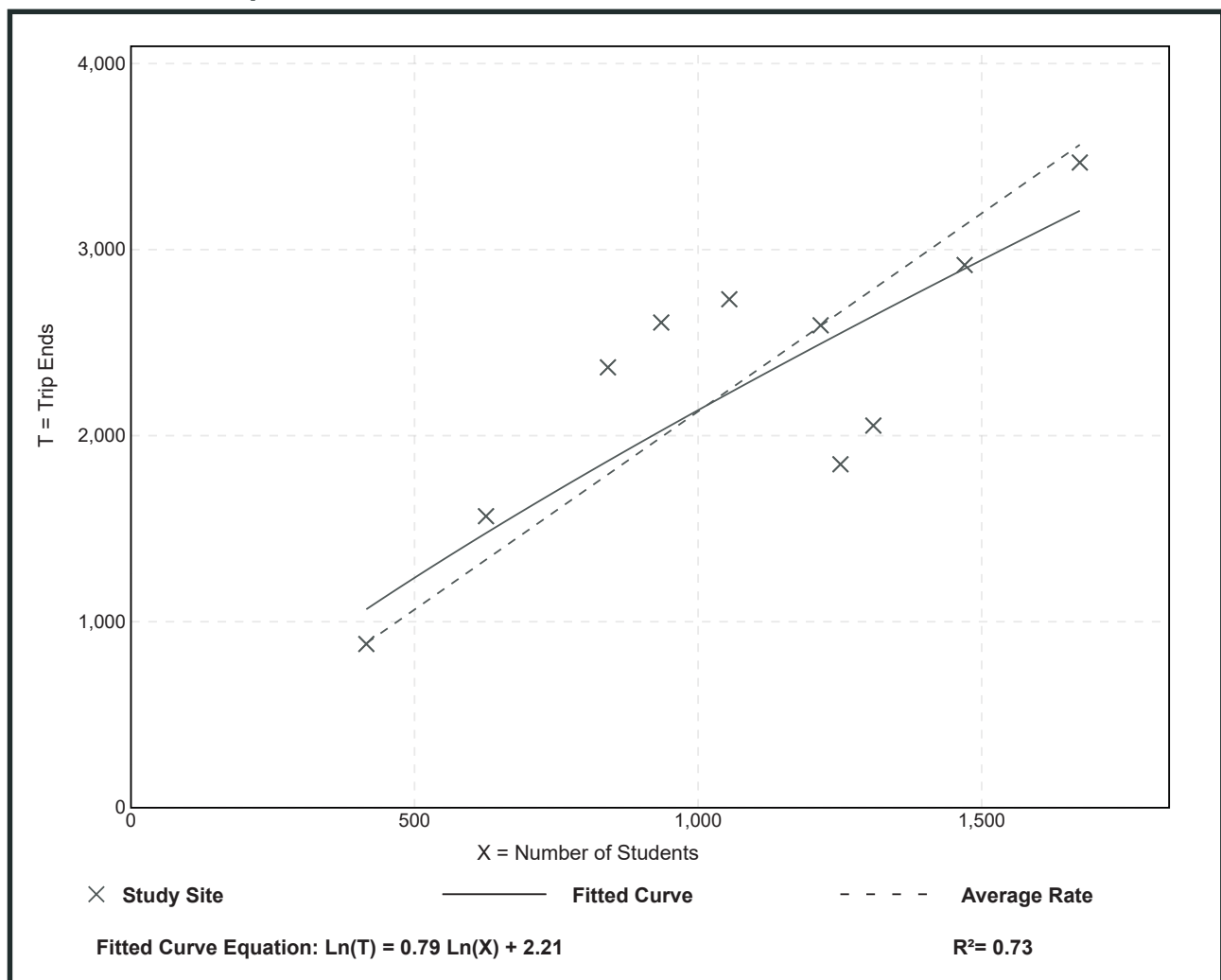
**Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students**  
**On a: Weekday**

**Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban**  
Number of Studies: 10  
Avg. Num. of Students: 1079  
Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

### Vehicle Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
2.13	1.48 - 2.81	0.46

### Data Plot and Equation



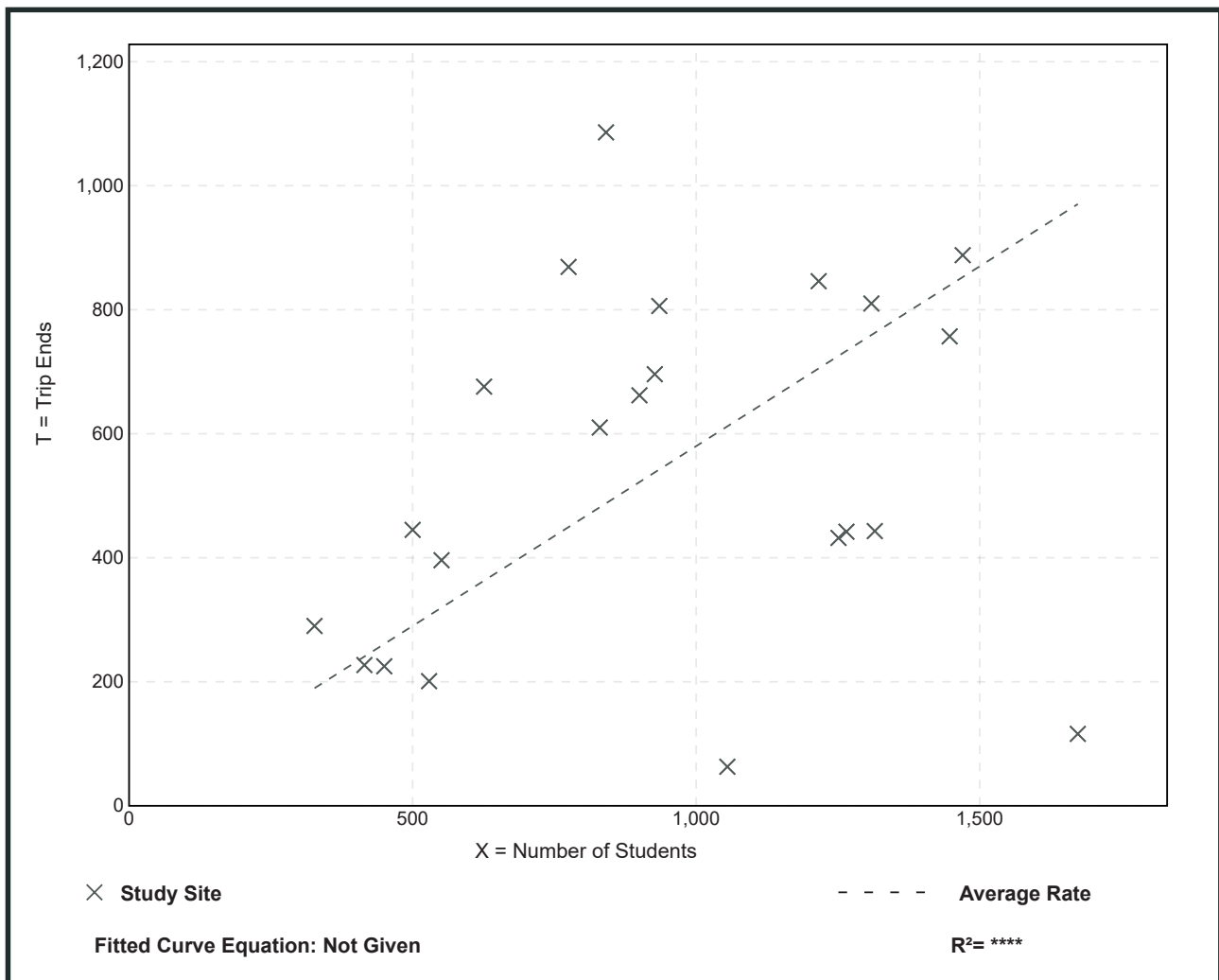
## Middle School/Junior High School (522)

**Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students**  
**On a: Weekday,**  
**Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,**  
**One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.**  
**Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban**  
 Number of Studies: 22  
 Avg. Num. of Students: 937  
 Directional Distribution: 54% entering, 46% exiting

### Vehicle Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.58	0.06 - 1.29	0.32

### Data Plot and Equation



## Middle School/Junior High School (522)

**Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Students**  
**On a: Weekday,**  
**Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,**  
**One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.**  
**Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban**  
 Number of Studies: 21  
 Avg. Num. of Students: 1023  
 Directional Distribution: 49% entering, 51% exiting

### Vehicle Trip Generation per Student

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.17	0.06 - 0.51	0.12

### Data Plot and Equation

